

Type RE 2010 rad



Radioaktiv beständig 10⁹ rad

Radiation proof 10⁹ rad

Nutenloser Rotor für hohe Auflösung

Rotor without slots for higher resolution

Nullspannungssignal kleiner als 0,01 %

Zero voltage signal lower than 0,01 %

Einfacher Transformator mit starkem Ausgangssignal

Single step transformer with more output power

Bestelltext / How to order
Typ / Type

Brushless Resolver (Radiation proof)
RE2010 rad

Hohlwellen-Resolver / No-shaft brushless resolver

Gehäusegrösse ø 20 mm / Max. dimension (DIA .7874 inch)

Radioaktiv beständig / Radiation proof

Genauigkeit / Accuracy

Bohrungsdurchmesser mm / Bore diameter (inch)

Kabelausgang seitlich / Cable outlet radial

2010
R = 10⁹ rad
10
ø 6-H7
300 mm

Elektrische Daten / Electrical data

Speisefrequenz / Excitation frequency

Amplitude / Excitation amplitude

Eingangswiderstand / Primary DC resistance

Ausgangswiderstand / Secondary DC resistance

Übersetzungsverhältnis / Transformation ratio

10 kHz and Winding E001
4...12 Vrms
94 Ω
51 Ω
0,5

Mechanische Daten / Mechanical data

Arbeitstemperatur / Operating temperature

Max. Drehzahl / Maximum speed

Luftspalt / Radial air gap

Rotorträgheit / Rotor inertia

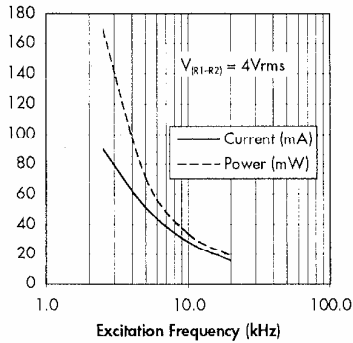
Gewicht / Weight

-60 °C +250 °C
100'000 min⁻¹ (rpm)
0,3 mm nominal
10,9 gcm²
~35 g

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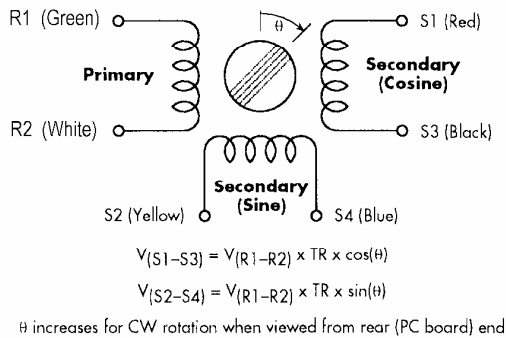
Massbild / Outline drawing

TYPICAL OPERATING CONDITIONS

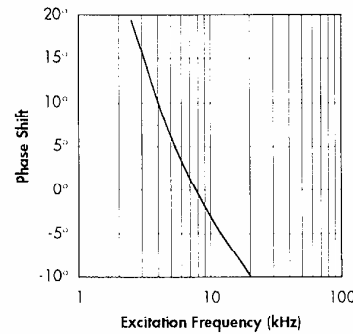


Typical input current and power dissipation at 4Vrms excitation with unloaded secondaries.

ELECTRICAL SCHEMATIC

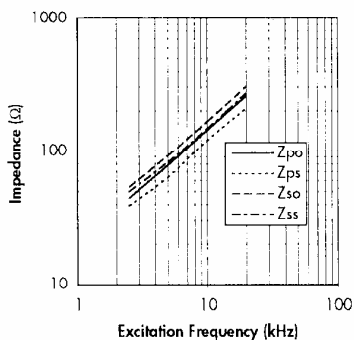


PHASE SHIFT



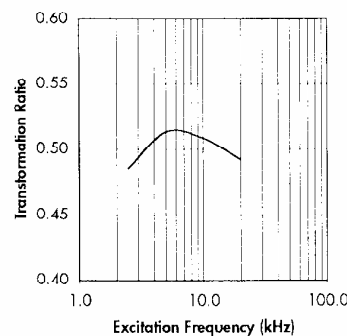
Phase shift is the time phase of the secondary (output) voltage with respect to the primary excitation (input) voltage. Positive values are leading phase shift, negative values are lagging.

IMPEDANCES



Z_{po} is primary impedance with both secondaries open.
 Z_{ps} is primary impedance with secondaries shorted.
 Z_{so} is secondary impedance with primary open.
 Z_{ss} is secondary impedance with primary shorted.

TRANSFORMATION RATIO



The transformation ratio (TR) is the ratio of the secondary (output) voltage to the primary excitation (input) voltage at the rotor position of maximum coupling. The typical transformation ratio for the standard E001 winding is shown.